#### MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

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5	: PUBLIC HEARING ON MODIFICATION :	
6	OF PERMIT NO. 11-DP-3321 : MD0068357 :	
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10	A public booming was hold on Tuly 20, 2010	
11	A public hearing was held on July 29, 2019,	
12	commencing at 4:06 p.m. at Winchester Hall, Winchester Room	
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#### PROCEEDINGS

MR. DEPKIN: Good afternoon and welcome. Can you hear me? You got me all right? Today is Monday, July 29th, 2019. It's approximately 4:07 p.m. Today's public hearing is regarding the Maryland Department of Environment's (the Department's) tentative determination to modify Frederick County's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, (NPDES), municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) permit and the number of that permit is 11-DP-3321 MD0068357.

My name is Pat Depkin, I'm the Frederick County
MS4 Permit Administrator with Sediment, Storm Water and Dam
Safety Program within the Department's Water and Science
Administration. With me today from MDE are Christina
Lyerly, sitting in the cheap seats, and Jennifer Smith up
here with me.

Thank you, folks from MDE, for coming and the public officials from Frederick County who helped getting us to these proceedings.

So, in accordance with the Maryland's

Administrative Procedures Act, a tentative determination to

modify Frederick County's MS4 permit has been advertised in

the Maryland Register on July 5, 2019 and July 19, 2019, as

well as the Frederick News Post on July 12, 2019 and July

16, 2019, sent out to the Department's interested party list

for Frederick County via email and publicized on the

Department's web page where the proposed permit modification and supporting fact sheet material can be found.

Everyone who signed up to speak today or signed the attendance sheet will be added to the Department's interested party list and will receive notice of any actions regarding Frederick County's MS4 permit. If you want to be on the Department's interested party list for this permit and did not sign up on one of these two sheets, please do so before the end of today's hearing.

The purpose of today's hearing is to accept public comment on the Department's tentative determination to modify Frederick County's MS4 permit. The Department has some introductory remarks regarding this action and after that I would like to give Frederick County, the permittee, an opportunity to comment, and any local elected officials who so desire an opportunity to speak. After that we will work down the list of speakers who signed up to give testimony today.

Today's hearing is scheduled for two hours and we would like to provide everyone who would like to speak an opportunity to do so, so please keep your remarks concise and focused on the proposed permit modification.

For background, Maryland has been delegated authority by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or EPA, to administer the NPDES program for the

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State. Final stormwater regulations were adopted by EPA in November 1990 according to Section 402(p) of the Clean Water Act. These regulations require in part that owners or operators of storm drain systems serving populations of greater than 100,000, including Frederick County, apply for a Phase I NPDES municipal stormwater permit.

To improve local water quality at Chesapeake Bay,
Frederick County's most recently issued MS4 permit on
December 30, 2014 included a requirement for the restoration
of 20 percent of the impervious surface area within the
County that was not already managed for storm water to the
maximum extent practicable. On June 20, 2019, Frederick
County formally requested an NPDES MS4 permit modification
from the Department to use Maryland's newly authorized
nutrient trading program as an option to help meet its 20
percent impervious surface area restoration requirement.

The Department has determined that Frederick County's MS4 permit may be modified to allow the use of nutrient trading for the following reasons:

In accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Section 40, Section 122.62, the Department may receive new information which justifies applying conditions different from those in the permit if the information was not available at the time of the permit issuance.

In accordance with 40 CFR Section 122.62, the

Department may modify an existing permit when proposed standards and regulations covering the permitted activity may have changed since issuance of the permit.

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A new phase of Maryland's nutrient trading program with authorizing regulations in the Code of Maryland Regulations or COMAR 26.08.11, were formally adopted for use on July 16, 2018. The EPA reviewed and did not object to Maryland's trading policy updates and draft MS4 permit modification language.

The new trading policy allowing MS4s to acquire nutrient credits was not in place at the time Frederick County's NPDES MS4 permit was issued. Frederick County has documented that while the capital and operational funds necessary to meet the 20 percent impervious surface restoration requirement are available, the physical capacity for implementing structural BMPs within the permit timeframe is a limiting factor.

The EPA, the Department and Maryland's Court of Appeals have determined that the 20 percent imperious surface restoration requirement is an approved effluent limit consistent with and satisfactory for addressing both the Chesapeake Bay and other applicable total maximum daily load (TMDL) wasteload allocations (WLAs) and trading for amounts of total nitrogen (TN, total phosphorus (TP), or total suspended solids (TSS), that would have been reduced

through the 20 percent impervious surface area restoration requirement, will have a similar net effect on local and Chesapeake Bay water quality.

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I would like to now ask if anyone from Frederick

County government is here and would like to add comments to

the public record at this time? Shannon?

MS. MOORE: Thank you, Pat. I'm Shannon Moore.

I'm from Frederick County government. And I manage our

Office of Sustainability and Environmental Resources. And

Ben it's good to see you in the audience today.

So, we are really happy to be working with MDE on this trading component to add it to the permit. However, we don't intend to rely on it very heavily. Our hope is to try to get as close to meeting the restoration requirement in its entirety without it. As you know, we have a 20 percent restoration requirement. And the memo that we sent to our county executive suggesting that we would like to do trades did a couple of different things internally before we made the application to MDE.

So, one, it solidified a relationship between ourselves and the Division of Utilities and Solid Base Management. For the basic agreement and structure of how we would do trades, although it didn't formalize any particular trades, and then it also gave us permission to apply for the major permit modification and suggested to the county

executive that we didn't see a need to use more than about 140 impervious acres worth of crediting.

That's probably going to end up being smaller than that and it really at this point depends on a couple of key things: one, how many of our tree planting projects we can get in this fall; and also, of our previous tree planting projects which ones were able to count? Because there are some limitations as far as the number of trees at a certain diameter at breast height that you have to meet in order to count the acres as being treated.

So, they'll either get treated this permit cycle or the next. And I think it's important to note that we're only intending to trade for as long as we need to meet the requirements of this permit cycle. So, for example, if we're able to complete the up to 140 acres worth of trades by the end of — or the first year of the next permit cycle, we won't need to continue to use credits. It's really just trading temporarily so that we can meet this permit cycle.

Other reasons why we may not be able to meet the, the 20 percent at this time could also have something to do with pond projects. As we go through with them, sometimes we find field issues, or they get delayed. We, we've had to kick out a couple of projects that were smaller because of land ownership issues where the County's records showed that we owned a property, but we didn't actually. Or, actually,

vice versa. We've had some where we thought we didn't own them that we did that came in handy.

We're also in the process of researching outfall stabilizations and stream stabilizations from past work done by our Highway Operations Division and others. MDE gave us access to their old permit database so we could look through those. And so, we're figuring out which ones of those are creditable that would have been completed after the end of the last permit cycle March 11, 2007.

So, we're still in the process of kind of estimating what our, our numbers are going to be and as we get closer and closer towards the end of the permit, we'll have a much clearer idea. But we do have our outside number. We are really enthusiastic about getting really close to the, to the 20 percent number.

And MDE recently gave us our annual report review from 2018 and I'm very pleased to say that it looks like on all of the other permit elements we're looking at full compliance. There are a few things that were noted in the annual report review that were like missing data that we need to fill in and things like that. But fundamentally I think the, the permit compliance is very solid and it's something that Frederick County takes very seriously in addition to water quality.

So, I kind of wanted to give you that update just

so you can kind of get a sense for where we're at. We're happy to have the opportunity to trade. But we're also not planning to rely on it very heavily.

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So, with that I have one comment that I wanted to make on the, on the trades themselves. And that's not something that's going to get written in the permit but has to do with delivery ratios from the generation of the obligation versus the generation of credits. We just want to make sure that they're used — that same basis is used for both. Because the way that it's currently written in the accounting for stormwater manual and also in the trading guidance is inconsistent and would, would not use the same delivery ratios for generating your liability for the credit versus the actual credit from a practice. So, we want that to be one to one for what we're using them for. And we have had conversations with MDE, but nothing's been formalized on that. So, I just wanted to note that in, in this process.

Other than that, I'm happy to turn over the floor to Ben Alexandro if you want to come up and give your comments?

MR. ALEXANDRO: Sure.

MR. DEPKIN: Yes, you are the one and only.

MR. ALEXANDRO: Okay.

MR. DEPKIN: So, please you have the floor, sir.

MR. ALEXANDRO: Is there -- are these working?

MR. DEPKIN: Any, any one is fine. 1 2 MR. ALEXANDRO: Okay. MR. DEPKIN: As far as we know. 3 4 MR. ALEXANDRO: All right. Should I push this 5 button or --MS. MOORE: You don't need to, actually --6 7 MR. ALEXANDRO: Okay. MS. MOORE: -- we're using a different microphone 8 9 system. 10 MR. ALEXANDRO: Oh, okay. MS. MOORE: It will take up right there. 11 12 MR. ALEXANDRO: Nevermind then. So, thank you so 13 much for the opportunity to comment on this proposal. name is Benjamin Alexandro and I'm commenting on behalf of 14 15 Maryland League of Conservation Voters representing 20,000 supporters here in Maryland. I'm also with the Choose Clean 16 17 Water Coalition as the State lead and also before this, I 18 was with the Environmental Finance Center and actually worked on -- I'm one of the authors of the 2015 Maryland 19 20 Chesapeake Bay Restoration Financing Report. So, I feel 21 that I'm pretty familiar with how to make a good trading 22 system and what can make and break a nutrient system to 23 actually incentivize what we need to have done here in, in Maryland. 24

And we feel that trading should just not be

injected last minute into a permit that's about to expire. And, you know, in the fact sheet it does look like they're not going to be using trading as much as some of the other counties, thankfully, but we're worried about the precedent this can set for these other counties if it's, if it's allowed. And according to the Financial Insurance Plan, now that was a little while back, but they did say that they might be able to take advantage to meet up to 50 percent of impervious service requirement and we're hoping that's not the case.

But the real piece of this is that the trading should never be used as a paper exercise to, to give the counties a free pass of walking away from commitments to water quality. We're very concerned that introducing nutrient trading as the mechanism to do this at, you know, at the very end of the permit weakens the permit and sets this dangerous precedent for others and also potentially damages the validity of the trading market itself to actually incentivize those things we want to have done.

So, we feel that nutrient trading should really be used only to finance real new projects. That's the most important component that we find on nutrient trading is that you have to ensure additionality with trading. So, it should really be used to fund projects that would not have been done otherwise.

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So, I remember years ago, actually, before when I was with Cavan Institute and the first touring around in Frederick County with the idea of trading, looking at some of these things is this idea of like with the study with the nature conservancy and looking at natural filters, ecology hydroelectric areas. Looking at how you could finance the actual filters upstream or recurring buffers of the MS4 areas, preferably leading the County to spend real money to finance new practices, permits practices such as paying farmers, you know, to plant or maintain or preparing buffers for us and such.

So, we're seeing several fantastic projects in Frederick County like the Relief Program and a number of others that we're seeing. But that's without trading. Right, that's, that's on their own. So, unfortunately, we don't see additional funds in trading like being allocated in the financial assurance plans through trading to do things like that.

So, you know, and according to the FAP, the Financial Assurance Plan, they're budgeting to get 255.8 acres work with zero dollars by trading with wastewater treatment plants. So, this shows that no real projects, no new real projects would be incentivized, so therefore it's really a paper exercise and we don't think that that's appropriate.

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So, even more telling, unfortunately, we're seeing that the County budgeting for their capital improvement projects was actually 2 million dollars less than what they had promised the MDE just a few months before and we think it's very, very important that Shannon and your Department gets the money that she needs to do the great actual projects on the ground. So, we're very worried that this is very, a very dangerous signal to these counties and especially elected officials that putting money aside to fund real improvements to water quality is not as important as it once was.

So, you know, the free trade of wastewater treatment credits is the problem for our nutrient trading system as a whole. I did some calculations and if MDE doesn't prohibit it wastewater treatment plants operating throughout the States under three parts per million baseline could generate thousands or even hundreds of thousands of credits and they could still very cheaply, with nothing preventing them from giving away for free, that could potentially flood the market in which you're trying to incentivize new cost effective projects. Farmers going you, you know, planting things in their lines on their properties et cetera. And, you know, trading should create this new pollution protection that's not already happening through market forces. Not things that are already being

accomplished by another program like our BRF funding.

So, we think it's inappropriate to trade with the wastewater treatment plants if they've already been upgraded to get to that level through State, State funding such as the BRF funding. So, doing so finances new projects and represents -- no new projects and represents zero investment by the counties.

There are some other -- so like that's the biggest thing. But putting that aside, there are some other concerns that we've highlighted in the past to primarily -- for things like hotspots and other concerns. You know, Frederick County has several impaired waterways. Still a long way to go on meeting local TDL. So, MDE assured the Water Quality Trading Advisory Committee that nutrient trading regulations are intended to restrict trading upstream of impaired segments, which is, which is good, but however, this permit fails to address the issue where you have the County as a whole in several different and multiple water sheds. So, how will they, you know, how, how does the State intend to adhere to those, to those concerns and those problems?

As a voice and comments of MDE we remain very concerned about hotspots of pollution and trading creating potential environmental justice issues where underserved communities suffer the brunt of environment pollution.

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Right? Several areas in Frederick County are sensitive drinking water areas and trading outside these, these water sheds rather restoring them could create dangerous implications for the water that we drink if we're not careful.

We also think if trading's allowed -- if trading is allowed in this permit there really needs to be some set limitations so the County addresses these concerns and knows, and knows that these credits must be replaced with real on the ground projects in the future. Now we've heard some of that verbally, but we really need to see that codified.

Also, we feel the MDE needs to provide more information about where the -- how the credits are actually calculated and posting them clearing on line and showing how these trades have, you know, these trades will be on the, you know, Maryland Nutrient and Trading online tool which we've been said is the main driver. But then we've been hearing that there might be different places where things are posted on add credits versus wastewater treatment plant credits and potentially creating two markets which can compound some of the issues that I mentioned before.

So, we're -- the other thing I'd love to do is just get some more answers from you. Is it true that, you know, we'd heard in the past that no, there'll just be one

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market and they will be the same, but then when I was just asking MDE they're saying, oh, well that's MDA versus MDE and we're going to have two different systems. So, I'd like to get to the bottom of that.

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You know, we really want to know where each credit will come from. You know, and then if, if it's just nutrient credit, nitrogen credits coming from wastewater treatment plants, then what about the other, you know, sediment and phosphorous, is that coming from there too? You know, really this boils down to just the transparency of this. Seeing what's happening is of paramount importance for us.

Again, not just for Frederick County, but I'm here because of the precedent that this sets for all of the counties. Many of them are looking to rely on trading a lot more than Frederick is in this case. Right?

So, MDE is working — has been working hard on the nutrient trading regulations for years and there's a feedback from a lot of sectors on how to do it right. So, Maryland LCV as well as dozens of Choose Clean Water Coalition members and organizations that sent multiple letters to MDE and commented several times in the last few years, as well as, remained active in the water quality trading advisory committee. So, we really feel that MDE cannot let this modification go through as it will

jeopardize, you know, that progress and that input. As it 2. is this is not trading. This is really a paper exercise on 3 permit obligations which sets a dangerous precedent for 4 other permits. Thank you very much for your time. 5 MR. DEPKIN: Thank you. MR. ALEXANDRO: I'd be happy to answer any 6 7 questions if you have any. MR. DEPKIN: Did you want to submit any written? 8 9 MR. ALEXANDRO: We will be submitting written. 10 MR. DEPKIN: Okay. MR. ALEXANDRO: But I believe we have until 11 12 October 5th? 13 MR. DEPKIN: Yes. Yes. MR. ALEXANDRO: Okay. And I was thinking about 14 15 that and then I scribbled a bunch of notes for myself on my one here. So, I'd rather submit it at a later date if 16 that's fine? 17 18 MR. DEPKIN: Very good, yeah. I doped out the 90 19 days from today, it's like -- I think it's October 3rd, 20 but --21 MR. ALEXANDRO: Oh, October 3rd? Oh, that's good 22 to know. 23 MR. DEPKIN: Now, my math might have been off a day or two. I was working it out quickly on the calendar, 24 25 but --

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MS. MOORE: Yeah, you don't want to miss it on the
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    last couple of days. I did that at Prince George's County.
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             MS. SMITH: It's in the announcement though.
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   in a public notice.
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             MR. DEPKIN: You have 90 days from the public
   notice. From, from today.
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             MS. SMITH: But it doesn't have a date? It
 8
    just --
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             MR. DEPKIN: No, it just says 90 days from -- or
    it's either 90 days from today or 90 days from when it was
10
   published.
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12
             MS. SMITH: 90 days from when it was published.
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             MR. DEPKIN: Yes. So that would have been the,
14
   the --
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             MS. SMITH:
                          The 5th.
             MR. DEPKIN: The 5th, yeah.
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             MR. ALEXANDRO: Oh, it is?
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             MR. DEPKIN: Yeah, 90 days from the 5th.
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             MS. MOORE: It's 90 days from July 5th.
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             MR. DEPKIN: Yeah, because that's when it went
21
    into the register.
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             MS. MOORE:
                          Inclusive of July 5th, right? Or, is
23
   it not inclusive?
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              MR. DEPKIN: You're into a level of detail that I
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can't answer at this point.

MS. MOORE: Okay. But anyway it's 90 days from 1 2 today. MR. DEPKIN: Do we typically deny folks that come 3 4 in 12 hours late or 24 hours late? 5 MR. ALEXANDRO: Right, maybe I just need to 6 calculate them. 7 MR. DEPKIN: Okay. MS. SMITH: Yeah, we deny them. 8 9 MR. DEPKIN: Okay. 10 MR. ALEXANDRO: Okay. MR. DEPKIN: So, thank you, sir, for your comments 11 and for representing the folks you're representing and bring 12 13 your points of view to us today. MR. ALEXANDRO: Okay, of course. 14 15 MS. MOORE: And thanks for your sustained interest in Frederick County too. I really appreciate it. 16 17 MR. ALEXANDRO: Yeah. 18 MS. MOORE: And for your, your input during the 19 budget cycle and as you can see, we, we were able to keep 20 the funds in there that we had requested. So, I was very 21 pleased with that. Although there was some challenges to 22 So, you're support means a lot thank you. 23 MR. ALEXANDRO: Thank you. 24 MR. DEPKIN: So, it doesn't look like we have any 25

other speakers here this afternoon. So, that being said,

this is the final call for additional speakers. If anyone would like to submit written comments, as I said, we have until October 3rd of 2019 to submit written comments to MDE. Written comments should be submitted to Mr. Raymond Bahr, B-A-H-R, Maryland Department of the Environment, Water and Science Administration, Sediment, Stormwater and Dam Safety Program, 1800 Washington Boulevard, Suite 440, Baltimore, Maryland 21230-1708; or email at Raymond.bar@maryland.gov.

Additional information on this permit modification can be found on the Department's website,

www.mde.maryland.gov. After the comment period has closed on October 3rd, 2019 the Department will develop a response to comments document that will support a final determination to modify Frederick's MS4 permit. Anyone who signed up on our attendance sheet today or gave testimony will be added to the Department's interest party list for Frederick County and will be kept apprised of all permit actions via e-mail announcements.

I'd like to thank everyone for attending this afternoons public hearing and for your participation in these matters and with that I believe we can adjourn there being no further comments or questions let's call it closed.

(Whereupon, at 4:31 p.m., the hearing was concluded.)

2.

Digitally signed by TRESSA CLIFFORD

### ELECTRONIC CERTIFICATE

DEPOSITION SERVICES, INC., hereby certifies that the attached pages represent an accurate transcript of the electronic sound recording of the proceedings before the Maryland Department of the Environment in the matter of:

PUBLIC HEARING ON MODIFICATION OF PERMIT NO. 11-DP-3321 MD0068357

By:

TRESSA CLIFFORD, Transcriber

Jussa K. Cliffard